## The Daily Intelligencer,

FREW & CAMPBELL, Office, 25 A 27 Fourteenth St., (LATE QUINCY.)

TERMS OF THE DAILY : 

TERMS OF SEMI-WEEKLY:

The White House Marriage. that always makes us think of "Bartor We suppose that in England the marriage will be considered about a fair match, a elected, and declared himself President third term, Miss NELLIE could not aspire above the Santonis family. If GRANT, credit side. acting on the hint thrown out recently by WATTERSON, of the Louisville Courier Journal, shall usurp the government at the end of his present term, he can raise the Santonis family to the American peerage, and provide for their succession to the throne in case a timely epidemic

should carry off young FRED. A Question of Blood. It is an interesting physiological and legal point to know when an individual ceases to be an African and becomes a Caucasian. We all know that a mulatto is a negro, and most people hold that a quadroon is also a negro; but when it comes to an octoroon people generally are inclined to believe that the negro blood has been pretty well deoderized, especially as at this point—particularly in women—a rich complexion generally sets in and is frequently accompanied by great personal attractions in the way of eyes, hair and intellect. When it comes to dividing the blood yet once more, and procreating a creature with only one-sixteenth African blood in a set of fine quality, there is very strong demand for it at advancing prices, and its present that time arrives there will be more companied by much that time arrives there will be more companied by greats of air cured Ohie tobacco will sell readily as a substitute, for shipment to Holland, England and other mark the to Holland, England and other ware re long that the countries of are provided they are are prov quadroon is also a negro; but when it with only one-sixteenth African blood in its veins, it seems about time that a Caucasian status, with its privileges and immunities, should set in. A person possessing filteen-sixteenths white blood will pass for white in any country in the world except in some community where slavery has left its prejudices in the public mind. And yet out in Barbour county a certain dainty trustee excluded a boy from a white school who avers in his declaration that he has less than a sixteenth of negro blood in his veins. The boy sued for redress in Judge Brannon's Court, but the Judge decided that under the 8th sec. of the 19th article of our Democratic Constitution the boy could not be admitted to a white school, and so he was turned out to go to a negro school or clse do without an education. We are not an advocate of mixed scools, and we have reprobated that and other features of the country are pursuing their way, earning, it is true, not so much money as before, but still obtaining a fair of obtaining further Government aid for time. The cry of sursum cortal (lift up your hearts) is a good one to adopt at this and other features of the country are pursuing their way, earning, it is true, not so much money as before, but still obtaining a fair of obtaining further Government aid for the sufferers by the overflow of the Misseppl river. It is expected that \$500\_-\$000 additional will be asked of Congress. for redress in Judge Brannon's Court, but reprobated that and other features of the do much to obliterate the remembrances Civil Rights bill now pending in Con- even of the September convulsion. gress, but we consider such fine spun prejudice as this Barbour county case exhibits a species of proscription unworthy of the age in which we live We presume there are hundreds of white people whose complexions wonder if he had all the color and intellect of the .white race, to which

#### will seem just as unreasonable and discreditable. Money in the West.

A dispatch from Bloomington, Illinois, says: "A firm in this city engaged in nesays: "A firm in this city ongaged in negotiating loans for eastern parties recently returned \$40,000, being unable to obtain a place for it all. Brokers report money quite plentiful and but little de
money quite plentiful and but little city banks is reported largely in excess of the demand."

The Fall Business.

From the New York Post. There is reason to look for marked and steady improvement in the early future, and we should not be surprised to see a good fall trade beginning before the end of June, for the country retailers have Morgan" Morgan" small stocks of goods, while the production of goods since the panic has been very much reduced. The prospects as to the crops are good, and with good crops a good fall trade is certain.

on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh road next Monday. We understand that a train will leave Bridgeport about nine at night

The Wheeling Intelligencer.

VOL. XXII.

WHEELING, WEST VA., FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 22, 1874.

SENATE CURRENCY BILL

Mr. Maynard, from the Committee of

Adjourned.

#### The Intelligencer. " Waiting for Better Times."

Apart from a necessary suspension of xtended speculations and enterprise in easons of uncertainty, there is the danger The agony is over and NELLIE GRANT of industrial lethargy. The business com-The agony is over and Nallis Graari of industrial lethargy. The business comiss married at last. The ever increase of industrial lethargy. The business comiss married at last. The coverning from the effects of last year's daily chronicled in our dispatches this morning. The poor girl, like the Czu's daughter, married an Englishman, not one of the royal family, however, as good luck would have it, and witing mood. Some people speak of the market and bought some 500 hhds, never lorgive her father for letting her marry a man named Sarrogis, a name to their satisfaction. The experiences of last year's a tricklar of April 18th reported a very dull market for Ohiovobacco, with a very dull m is going to England to live. We shall the recuperative process, and wait before undertaking anything till this rather immarry a man named Santonis, a name to their satisfaction. The experiences of that always makes as think of "Santon Consider satisfaction. The experiences of the constraints of th Resartus," a barbaric book that an Englishman named Carlixle wrote many years ago. Inasmuch as Santonis is not a Duke or anything of that kind, we presume that poor Nellie's father will not be obliged to go over to England in the course of a few weeks, like the Czar, to settle his daughter's rank on Stato occasions. Not but what the old man would cheerfully go, for he will go anywhere cheerfully go, for he will go anywhere where there is transportation, but the Sartoris family not being blooded stock, will not probably put on the same way their former ways.

any such airs as will freeze the the resumption of specie payments, or poor girl's heart, and make her cry-like the Duchess Manus to see her father. gaging in business which might prove more lucrative and substantial than they imagined. "Men dream and talk a deal will be considered about a fair match, a President's daughter and an Eoglish country gentleman. It President Grant poet, and even the commercial mind has country gentleman. It President Grant its millenium. There can be no greater had only achieved a coup d etat, like misconception, however, than to imagine that because the material resources of a country do not diminish there may not be elected, and declared himself President or life, and then ordered a plebiscite and dechared himself Emporor, his daughter would have been entitled to marry some broken down nobleman, like Prince Text, for instance; but inasmuch as his Comarlism has not yet developed into even a third term, Miss Nellie could not aspire the properties of the processing the fact of his possessing the history that he had been proposed to his possessing the fact of his possessing the history that he had been proposed to his possessing the history that he had history the history that he had history the history that he had history the an actual impoverishment going on. Muc such faculties cannot be placed to the

The full force of this condition of distrust is now seen in Austria, where, according to the Neue Freie Presse, poverty cording to the Neue Freie Press, poverty is increasing every day, and among all classes. When such a state has been reached, every day adds to the danger, as invertain maladies where the body is less able every moment to resist attack. Capital thus by degrees dwindles away, and even long wars are far less prejudicial than this "dry rot" in their effects upon the social and commercial condi-

Judicial than this "dry rot" in their effects upon the social and commercial condition of the country. The recuperative force and gradual recovery schemes of a certain class of thinkers is very stractive on paper; but those who have money to invest, and who see a fair opportunity of obtaining a reasonable profit on their outley, would be wise not to wait till the country has resumed its pregions conditions.

also that risks be diminished as much as is consistent with prospective success but the Roman General who earned his surname, it must be remembered, did not remain entirely inactive. The Fabian policy was to wait only that it might win, not for the sake of the waiting. It finally led to action and to victory. Our country is favored with all the elements of solid prosperity. The prospects of abundant crops could not well be better, and, with our commerce extending in almost every direction, there is nothing, certainly, but encouragement in the fature. A few prominent interests exceptionally favored but the Roman General who earned his

prominent interests exceptionally favored by protection may be in a "depressed con-

The Northern Pacific Railroad Bill. [Washington Dispatch to the New York Bulle-

The Senate Committee on Railroads have had under consideration Mr. Ramsey's bill proposing a Government guarare darker than this boy's. We shouldn't antee of the interest on new bonds to be issued by the Northern Pacific Railroad after the outstanding issue shall have been he properly belongs, but inasmuch returned and the land grant relinquished as his genealogy happened, perchance, to be known to some carroty headed specimen of "white trash," a hue and cry was perhaps raised sufficient to exclude him the school. This is the same sort of the school. The school that the school t

in England, and in another generation it THE MARTIN'S FERRY NAIL MILL-At a meeting of the Board of Directors of Wednesday afternoon, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That we accept the Rollin mand for it the supply of money at the struction planned and executed under the direction of our Superintendent, W. Barnett, we are well satisfied and have rea-son to expect that under his management of the Works we shall eujoy satisfactory returns for our investment.

WM. CLARK, President.

C. A. BURROWS, Secretary.

We learn from an item in the Country Gentleman that General B. F. Kelley has sold his young stallion "Black Hawk Morgan" to S. T. C. Brown, Esq. of Sykesville, Maryland, for \$1,000. "Black Hawk Morgan" is six years old this on of goods since the panic has been rery much reduced. The prospects as to the crops are good, and with good crops a good fall trade is certain.

There will be a change of time table

There will be a change of time table

Cumberland News.

THE electors of St. Clairsville voted on Saturday on the proposition to approprifor Pittsburgh and another arrive about ate \$1,000 for fire apparatus. The "nays" prevailed.

OHIO TOBACCO.

Lower Prices Just Made-Farmers Urged to Plant Smaller Crops. BALTIMORE, May 18, 1874.

Our last circular of April 18th reported

The purchases of buyers for Bremen Holland and other markets during that time amount to about 800 hhds., and though they are higher in proportion than though they are higher in proportion than those paid by Mesars. Brothers Bonnia-ger, it seems very probable now that an-other unsuccessful year awaits dealers in Ohio tobacco in spite of the low prices of

Ohio tobacco in spite of the low prices of this growth in comparison with other North American tobaccos.

We must again therefore strongly urgo our friends to use every effort in restricting the cultivation of tobacco this coming season to about one-fourth of last year's production, in order to avert serious losses and disappointment to themselves, the farmers are all engaged in the trade. Even for a crop of 6 to 8,000 Hads, the prices next fall will not be over 3 cts., from present appearances, and corn and other produce bringing fair and remunerative prices, we can see no inducement for most larmers to plant any tobacco at all. Farmers should not forget that they cannot prosper for any length of time while their merchants are going backwards; they would also better consult their own interests, by paying more care and attention to what little they plant; they should not set the plants too closely, keep them from worms and weeds, and top low. om worms and weeds, and top low thereby raising fewer but larger and bet-er bodied plants.

to its more extended introduction among home and foreign manufacturers, and as a consequence we now find, that while home and foreign manufacturers, and as a consequence we now find, that while the production of other Western Tobacco has doubled within the last twenty years, without causing an over production, bewithout causing an over production, because its consumption has grown in proportion, Ohio Tobacco, by reason of the
last two crops showing an increase of only
50 per cent is almost a drug on the market, and is controlled more or less by the
buyers for France and Duisburg.

Whether this undue and unproportionate depression of prices for these grades
will prove to have been good policy, and
will finally revert to the advantage of
these parties, seems to us very questionable.

Last year's crop of Maryland tobacco, being below an average production and of fine quality, there is very strong de-mand for it at advancing prices, and many grades of air cured Ohie tobacco will sell readily as a substitute, for ship-

heads last year.

Very respectfully,

GIESKE & NIEMANN. THE PRICE OF BUTTER.-The price of outter is quoted as follows at the following places: Steubenville, 20a25c; St. Clairsville, 25c; Waynesburg, 25c; Martin's Ferry, 85c; Washington, Pa., 80a37c; Parkersburg, 85c; Pittsburgh, 85a40c in rolls, and as high as 50c in prints; Wheeling, 35c.

#### WASHINGTON.

ORE AID WANTED FOR THE OVERFLOWED

A TRAGEDIAN IN THE HOUSE.

Salvini, the distinguished Italian tragedian, was introduced, on the floor of the House of Representatives to-day, to many prominent members, and attracted much attention. He was besieged by the pages for his autograph, and gave it very freely. The Banking and Currency Committee to-day voted that the currency bill amended as heretofore stated should be reported to the House this afternoon for printing and recommittal.

inting and recommittal. The sub-committee, consisting of Messrs, Niblack, Kasson and Dawes of the Ways and Means Committee, having under consideration the question of contumacy of Mr. Prescott, Sanborn's lawyer, will, it is understood, report to-

The House Committee on Civil Service

Reform to-day unanimously agreed to re-commend that the continuance of the the Ohio City Iron and Nail Works held Civil Service Committees be provided for Civil Service Committees be provided for by means of an appropriation of \$25,000, the same amount as last year. The House Committee on Naval Affairs to-day agreed to recommend the purchase of the manuscripts of Captain Hall rela-

Arkansas Congressmen Asked to Re-

LITTLE ROCK, May 21.—In the House o-day C. C. Johnson, colored, introduced a resolution asking Senators Clayton and Derry to resign their seats in the U. S. Derry to resign their seats in the U. S. Senate. The resolution was referred to the joint committee to investigate the conduct of the Arkansas Senators and

Representatives.

The Senate bill authorizing the Gover-The Senate bill authorizing the Governor to fill vacancies pending articles of
impeachment against any officer was
passed by the House. Several bills of a
local nature passed both Houses.
Major General S. C. Newton has resigned the command of the Baxter forces.
He is succeeded by Major General T. J.
Churchill. The latter has withdrawn a
large number of the State away from the

large number of the State arms from the argenal to arm and aquip the Baxter forces. Nearly all of Baxter's forces have been returned to their homes and quiet generally reigns. The fortifications around the State House are being levelled and matters put in their old condition.

## BY TELEGRAPH them being probably \$4,500; Secretary Fish, a large tankard; Gen. and Mrs. Sharpe, of New York, ring with atone ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

(By the Western Union Line, Office Northwest cor. of Main and Monroe Sta

#### The Grant-Sartoris Wedding.

WASHINGTON, May 21 .- The absorbing event of to-day has been the marriage of Miss Nellie Grant and Mr. Sartoris, which took place this morning at eleven o'clock, in the East Room of the Executive Mansion, Rev. Dr. Tiffinay, of the Metropolitan Methodist Episcopal Church. officiating.

During the morning and up to the hour when the guests took their departure the avenues leading to the Mansion were closed to all except those invited to the wedding, and there were policemen and the outer gates to see the guests ride into the enclosure. The door-tenders had received strict orders to admit no one with

THE SCENE OF THE WEDDING The east room, the scene of the wedding was tastefully and elaborately dec-orated with plants, flowers and evergreens. On the east side was a platform raised about a foot from the floor and covered with a portion of the carpet sev eral years ago presented to the Government by the Sultan of Turkey.

THE DECORATIONS. The platform was arched with ever greens and flowers, and from its centre hung a marriage bell of large propor tions composed of the choicest white flow ers. Splendid new chandeliers were It is much to be regretted, that so little
care and attention is still paid by most
dealers to the careful assortment and
packing of Ohio Tobacco. This is now
and has been for years, the main obstacle

THE TOILETS. Punctual to the hour, the invited guests entered the East room and arranged themselves in full view of the platform. The toilets of all the ladies were of the richest description, and there was a profusion of point lace variously worn. scene was an unusually brilliant one, the large display of flowers with their fragrance adding to the charm of the inter-

resting occasion. THE GRAND ENTREE. The bridal party, passing through the blue room, entered the east room. Their presence immediately hushed the comany to silence. Their approach was ancounced by music from the Marine Band. First came Mr. Sartoris and Col. Fred D. Grant, the only groomsman. Next came the bridesmaids, two by two, and he President and Miss Grant, Mrs. Grant and her two sons, Ulysses and Jesse. These were followed by the relations of the family. On reaching the platform the President transferred his daughter to Mr. Sartoris, who, with the bride, ascend ed the platform, where the officiating min-

ster was waiting to receive them. ON THE PLATFORM. They then took their position under the floral wedding beil. The President and Col. Grant, together with Miss Barnes, one of the bridesmaids, were the only other persons in nearness to the bridal party on the platform, Mrs. Grant and her two boys standing in front of the remaining seven bridesmaids, on one side of the

THE BRIDAL DRESS TOILETS The bride wore a white satin dress, elaborately trimmed with point lace, tulle veil, and her hair was adorned with orange blossoms. The dress of the groom was in the latest style, with a conventional white necktie.

THE BRIDESMAIDS. The bridesmaids were Misses, Barnes, Fish, Drexel, Dent, Porter, Conkling,

Sherman and Frelinghuysen. THEIR TOILETS.
They were dressed in white corded distinguished by pink roses and the other

THE CEREMONY.

All things being in readiness, Rev. Dr. Tiffany proceeded with the ceremony ac-cording to the form of the Methodist Episcopal Church. Every one preserved marked silence and listened attentively to every word, while closely watching the manner and countenances of the bridal

THE ORDER OF KISSING. The ceremony being over the minister was the first to kiss the bride. She immediately turned to her father, who em braced and kissed her. Then the mother approached and kissed her daughter, as did also the brothers of the bride and numerous relatives and female friends. The new made husband enjoyed his share of the hand-shaking and orally expressed ongratulations.

THE CONCLUSION. The band played the Wedding March the conclusion of the ceremony.

DISTINGUISHED GUESTS. Less than two hundred persons were present, including the Justices of the Supreme Court, members of the Cabinet, Senators Frelinghuysen, Carpenter, Conkling, Cameron and Logan, Morton, Stewart and Boutwell, Vice President Wilson Speaker Blaine, Gen. Sherman, Admiral Porter, Commander Ammen, George W. Childs, A. J. Drexel, Mr. and Miss Sn cousins of Miss Grant, from Washington, Pa Mrs. and Miss Wallen, of New York Mr. and Mrs. Barie, Mr. Luckey, private Sniffin, Assistant Private Secretary.

THE PRESENTS. bles were displayed the elegant presents to the orace, the names of the documents of the oracle ora Så silver pieces by Geo. W. Childs; a complete dinner service by A. J. Drexel, of Philadelphia, the combined value of Kennedy in the main saloon.

cameo, set with diamonds; Postmaster General Creswell, very handsome silver ce-cream service; ex-Senator Cattel, a loc-cream service; ex-sensior Cauci, a diamond ring, five stones; L. H. Morton, an emerald and diamond ring. These two rings are probably worth \$1,000 each. Secretary Robeson, toilet set, side pieces of brass elaborately finished, of the style of Louis XIV; N. T. Hart, of New York, a largest size lace handkerchief, such as sell for \$500; Gen. Babcock, an elegant Valenciennes lace fan, with a smokedpearl frame, with the monogram of the bride in gold; a silver card case and port-monie from Denver of native ore, and manufactured in that city. The work manship is very fine. A pair of moonstone ear rings, both handsome and curious Several superb point lace; handkerchiefs; a flounce of Valencienne lace; two point lace guards to prevent interruption by outside fans; a Venetian antique mirror with parties, many of whom had gathered at carved frame of highly burnished brass, with monogram at the top. This is for a toilet table. Two antique candlesticks to match, with a wax candle in each; flowers are painted on the candles. There were several handsome gold necklaces and many lockets; a superb bracelet of wrought gold; an innumerable number o silver punch bowls, ladles, salt sellars and spoons, glove boxes of fine gilt and carved wood. Mr. Sartoris presented to his wife a large collection of flowers. The present of the father of the bride is \$10,000. All the immediate members of the President's family gave handsome resents. The presents were arranged and classified by A. Barnford, of the house of Bailey & Co., of Philadelphia, who came hither for that especial purpose, and will be sent to New York by express and placed on board the vessel in which Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris have taken passage for England, to depart on Saturday next.

THE WEDDING BREAKFAST. The company partook of the weddign breakfast. An elegantly prepared bill of fare was printed on white satin and stat-ed that the breakfast was from the President and Mrs. Grant in compliment to Mr. and Mrs. Sartoris. Down the centre of the table was a bed of flowers, interspered with small white and colored flags, upon these at either end of the table was the words, "Success to the Pres ident;" on another, "Success to the Supreme Court;" and on the others,"Success to the Army and Navy." Not one was dedicated to the young couple who were this day married. The table was bor-dered all around with flowers and their monogram printed on white satin and tied with white ribbon, was laid on each

PRESENTS TO THE BRIDESMAIDS. The bridesmaids were presented with handsome boquets. Little boxes lined with white silk containing wedding cake were brought away by the guests.

THE DEPARTURE. At 1:40 this alternoon the bride and groom leit Washington in a special train or New York.

DECORATIONS OF THE PALACE CAR. Their Pullman palace car was handsomely decorated with flowers and evergreens and the American and British flags.

THE COMPANY. They were accompanied by General

Porter, Messrs. Childs and Drexel and their families. On Friday the President and Mrs Grant will go to New York, to take leave of their daughter on her embarkation for England.

THE RINGING OF THE BELLS. The Metropolitan Church bells, were rung this afternoon in honor of the marriage, and several appropriate pieces were

A lady gives the following description of the bride's trosseau: It is magnificent and almost beyond description. There are silks of every hue and color. To each gas light silk dress is made two waistes one decolete, the other high. There are shawls from India, laces direct from the slik, covered with white illusion with shawls from India, laces direct from the puff and pleating, caught up with flowers. manufactory at Brussels, parasols with Their sashes were of thosame material as superb ivory handles, muslin dresses with the dresses. Four of these ladies were French worked flounces, and others with pufls and lace inserting. There are gauzes, grenadines, hats for every costume and slippers for each evening dress, and the lingeric is so fine and dainty to the sight that it brings delight to every feminine heart that rejoices in delicat embroidery, soft lace and fine needle work. Nothing has been overlooked or forgotten that could contribute to the comfort and happiness of this highly

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER ON THE BAYTIC. New York, May 31.—The most extensive preparations are making on the steamship Baltic for the accommodation of Mr. Sartoris and wife during the passage. Captain Kennedy has given up h cabin on the deck, which is being fitted up as a boudoir for the bride and the ladies accompanying her. A rich Turkey carpet covers the floor, lace and crimson damask curtains hang at the windows. and from the ceiling are suspended sev eral bronze lamps of the antique pattern The furniture of this apartment is lounge which at night can be turned into a bunk, and an elaborately covered walnut tollet stand. State room No. has also been secured for the party It is almost as large as three ordinary state rooms, and is so situated that no motion of the vessel is per ceptible to the occupants. The room W. has been entirely refitted. Only two of nith, the berths remain, and as these fold up into one the apartment will be used as a reception room. The furniture is of walnut and consists of two sofas, easy chairs, Secretary of the President, and C. C. card tables, writing table and liquor rack. The walls are covered with mirrors, the ceiling is snow white relieved with pink After the congratulations were over the company, to the sound of music, pro-ceeded to the library in the second story of the Mansion, where on a series of ts. their seats being on either side of Capt. Kennedy at the head of the table to the bride, the names of the donors be- Baltic passengers have prepared a proCONGRESS.

SENATE.

Washington, May 21.

The Senate met at 1 o'clock and after reading the journal of yesterday, Mr. Tipton said that he arose to move a correction therein. The journal showed that the Senate adjourned to meet at 1 o'clock to-day, but there was no mention made of the fact in the record. In view of the fact that the record was always correct, he inferred that the Journal Clerk was mistaken, and therefore moved for the correction to strike out that portion relative to the adjournment. WASHINGTON, May 21.

sourcet, he inferred that the Journal Clerk was mistaken, and therefore moved for the correction to strike out that portion relative to the adjournment.

The Chair, Mr. Ozpenter, said that the journal was correct and the Senator should give a correct record.

Mr. Tipton—Then I move to correct the journal so as to read as follows: Ordered that when the Senate adjourn to-day, it be to meet at 1 o'clock to-morrow, on account of a marrisge in the family of the President of the United States, which is to be consummated at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. to-morrow.

Mr. Hamilin—I believe that the motion to adjourn over was made yesterday and no reason was given.

The Chair—None whatever.

Mr. Hamilin said he did not know by what power the Senator from Nebraska (Tipton) proposed to construe the motives of Senators in adjourning over.

Mr. Tipton said when he came to the Capitol this morning he found the House in session. He did not hear the motion to adjourn yesterday, and not finding the Senator is ossion he inferred that something unusual was going on. Now that time was so precious, he came to the conclusion that an adjournment over for two hours must be for an event known to the whole country.

Mr. Fenton suggested that, in view of the explannation of the Senator from Maine and the statement of the Chair, the Senator from Nebraska withdraw his motion.

Mr. Hamile and he did not hear the motion to adjourn yesterday, and not finding the Senator is ossion he inferred that something unusual was going on. Now that the would do, saying that the Mowe was very cordially received by the Capitain, who talked loudly of what he would do, saying that it is instructions justified forcible interference, that he could and would leave a force on land to guard the Americans and the statement of the Chair, the Senator from Nebraska withdraw his motion.

the explanation of the Senator from Maine and the statement of the Chair, the Senator from Nebraska withdraw his

air. Hamin said as the motion to smend the journal only expressed the views of the Senator from Nebraska, he (Hamile) moved to lay it on the table, and the motion was agreed to without dissent.

ration of the civil rights bill.

Mr. Johnston spoke in opposition to

Mr. Morton spoke in reply to the argument of Mr. Thurman yesterday. He contended that the bill was constitutional, and that Congress had full power to enand that Congress had full power to en-force the provisions of the 14th amend-ment to the Constitution by appropriate legislation. The object of the 14th amend-

ment was for the purpose of establishing an equality of races.

After the debate, Mr. Frelinghysen gave notice that to-morrow he would ask the Senate to remain in session and finish the bill

the bill.

The postoffice and pension appropriation bills were received from the House and referred to the Committee on Appro-

HOUSE. REFERRED TO CIVIL SERVICE COMMITTEE. Mr. Orth presented a petition from the Women's Christian Temperance Union of Indianapolis, Ind., requesting Congress to amond the oath of office so that all officers under the government shall be required to abstain from the use of intoxi

Weather Report.

WAR DEPARTMENT,
OFFICE OF THE CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER
WASHINGTON, D. C., May 21.—8:00 p. m.

PROBABILITIES.

For the New England States, light rain

ollowed by cool and clearing weather, orth and west winds and rising barom-

For the Middle States and Lower Lake

For the South Atlantic States and East.

For Tennessee and the Obio Valley

The Mill River Disaster.

NINE MORE BODIES FOUND.

New Yorks, May 21.—A Northampton dispatch says there are now in the Mill River Valley about twolve hundred destitute and homeless people to feed and clothe, not for one day, but until their future in decided with the control of the

ture is decided upon, and that they

oust have at least one hundred thousand

ollars for immediate use. The women

as usual, exhibit more fortitude than the

cy, and in clearing away the debris were ewarded by the discovery of nine bodies,

lve of which were unrecognizable from

Professor Swing Acquitted. Chicago, May 20.—A vote was reached oday in the Presbytery engaged in the wing heresy trial, and resulted in the

triumphant vindication of the accused. The vote stood filteen for to forty-five

herefor within ten days. The Court then

Lowell's Contribution.

adjourned sine die.

ecomposition.

region, clear or clearing and cool weather north and west winds and rising barom

POSTOFFICE APPROPRIATION. The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the postoffice appropriation bill, Mr. Scofield in the che

PENSION APPROPRIATION The Committee took up the pension perceptiation bill, appropriating \$26, appropriation bill, appropriating \$20, 980,000. It contains a provision that a pension agent's fee of thirty cents for pre-paring vouchers and administering oaths

hall be reduced to twenty cents.

Mr. Averill, who had charge of the bill, moved an amendment that the net compensation of Pension Agents who disburse over \$9,000,000 a year shall be \$4,500.

Mr. Kasson made a point of order on Mr. Averill's amendment. Mr. Averill's amendment. The point was sustained and the amendment excluded.

The committee then rose and reported to the House the postoffice and pension appropriation bills.

Mr. Lawrence desired to offer an amendment to the postoffice bill providing that no money shall be paid to railroad commission transporting mellication.

the previous question.

A vote was then taken by yeas and nays on the amendment adopted yester-day in Committee of the Whole to let the

ON THE SANBORN BILL.

ler was still absent on account of sickness, and as the matter was understood to interest that gentleman somewhat, it should not be proceeded with in his absence. Mr. Foster said he had been informed by some of Mr. Butler's friends that it would be several days before he would be able to attend the sessions of the House and that he was willing that the subjec

astion made he had no objection to the onsideration of the matter. Mr. Foster then proceeded to address the House in a review of the questions connected with the Sanborn contracts. At the close of bis speech the matter went ver without action,

BILL PASSED FOR ADMISSION OF NEW

A bill for the admission of New Mexico c, coming as a special order, Mr. Chairman of the Committee on es, from which the bill was reddressed the House in support select men of Northampton for the suffer. as a State, coming as a special order, Mr. McKee, Chairman of the Committee on

Mr. Butler opposed the bill. His speech was delivered in the midst of the greatest uproar and disorder, so that but a very small part of the discussion was audible at the reporters desk. Haskins and Kasson advocated the bill and G. F. Hoar and Cox opposed it. The bill was passed, yeas 160, nays 54. Banking and Currency, presented the re-port of the Senate as a substitute for the currency bill and gave notice that he would ask an action on it next Monday.

force on land to guard the Americans and their property, and furthermore he would go to the Capital of Santo Damingo and bring President Gonzales to reason with hard shot if necessary. Lowry offered to land a force at 11 a. M., next day of Sunday and carry out his designs. The news of Capt. Lowry's determination spread rapidly and caused great excitement, which increased as the hour of 11 drew nigh, but the Captain changed his mind and made no effort to keep his promise Mr. Hamlin said as the motion to

CUSTOMS SALARIES.

Mr. Fenton introduced a bill to establish the compensation of certain customs officers, to regulate the service in the collection of customs at various ports in the United States, and the disposition of fines, penalties and torieltures, incurred under the laws relating to customs, which was referred to the Finance Committee, Among the salaries by the bill are the following: Collector at Chicago, and Surveyor of Customs at St. Louis and Clincinnati, each \$6,000.

The Senate then resumed the consideration of the civil rights bill.

Mr. Johnston spoke in opposition to Mr. Fenton introduced a bill to estab-

The Senate went into Executive session and soon after adjourned.

cating drinks as a beverage during the terms of office. Read and referred to the Committee on Civil Service Reform.

disposed of this bill without any discus sion or important change.

panies for transporting mails at a higher rate than was allowed such companies immediately preceding the 3d of May, 1873. It was excluded, however, under

annual and monthly reports of the Agri-cultural Department pass through the mails free. The amendment was agreed to—yeas 134, nays 71. The bill was then passed.

ON THE MANDON HILL.

The pension appropriation bill was then
passed, and Mr. Foster called up the bill
o repeal the law under which the Sanport contracts were made.

Mr. Poland suggested that as Mr. But-

The friends of Prof. Swing are jubilant. In the Chicago Presbytery to-day, after the announcement of the vote acquitting Prof. Swing, Rev. Trowbridge gave notice that after the formal reporting of the finding was made he would offer a resolution censuring the prosecutor in the lutton censuring the prosecutor in the rules. should be proceeded with in his absence. Mr. Poland said that under the explalation censuring the prosecutor in the case, as was provided for in the rules. Subsequently he withdrew the notice. Prof. Patton then gave notice that he would appeal the case to the Synod of Northern Illinois, and file his reasons therefor within ten day. The Court hear

A large sheet containing all the CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITER-ARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE, AND VALLUABLE READING FOR THE PAMILY.

TERMS OF THE WERELY:

The Weekly Intelligencer

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## FOREIGN.

ENGLAND.

The Czar Has Departed. London, May 21.—The Czar left Eng-

land to day.

The Globs has a rumor that the British

frigates Narcissus and Endymion are asbore at Palermo, and that the correcte Raccoon is ashore at Bernuda.

Ten persons have been arrested at Cork, on suspicion of being concerned in

the mysterious disappearance of arms from the Darracks.

FRANCE.

THE BOURSE AND THE MINISTERIAL CREED.

LONDON, May 21.—A special dispatch from Paris says that the weakness on the Bourse is attributed to the report that 300 deputies have signed a motion for the dissolution of the assembly, but the truth is that the weakness is due simply to the prolongation of the ministerial crisis.

PARIS, May 21.—The duel between Montebello and Prince Metternich was fought to-day. Result not known.

DIED.

DIED. Duko de Montpensier's son Louis, SPAIN.

Madrid, May 21.—It is reported that the Carlists shot several women Sunday CARLISTS DEFEATED.

MADRID, May 21.—A fight took place in the Province of Tarragavs to-day be-tween the Republicans and the Carlists, resulting in the deteat of the latter. The resulting in the detent of the latter. The Insutgents lost 60 killed and many wounded. The Republicans loss was five killed and 90 wounded. A body of the Carlists in Catalanis has been deteated by the National troops, with a loss of 21 killed and 14 prisoners.

PRIMIA.

Benlin, May 21.—The Prussian Diet Names of the Drowned Students.

GENEVA, May 31.—The three American students drowned in Lake Geneva were one named Grant and two brothers named Woodberry. Temperance Convention.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 21.—The Northern Indiana Temperance Convention met this morning, and was called to order by Mrs. Jesse L. Williams, President of the Fort Wayne Temperance Union. he would take no steps in the matter just then. This letter aroused the wrath of Dr. Howe, who animadverts on its terms with much feeling. Dr. Howe states that the Dominicans were overjoyed at hearing Captain Lowry resolve to pull down the Dominican flag. Many here have been marked by spies and as soon as the vessel leaves they will become objects of brutal persecution. The Company's property was left in charge of After prayer by Rev. Mr. Williams, a accommittee of five were appointed to nominate officers of the convention. After a brief absence the committee reported the following officers. President, Hon. W. W. Carry, of Indianapolis; Secretary, Mrs. Ella Spencer, of Fort Wayne. The Vice Presidents are one from each county represented. The report of the constitution

represented. The report of the committee was adopted. tee was adopted.

After the appointment of the usual committees, the convention heard reports from delegates in regard to the temperance work and prospects. Adams, Allen, Blackford, Barrall and Delaware counties were relief.

Mrs. Husted, of Muncie, gave a spirited account of the work there. Rev. Harter also spoke of the success of the crusaders

come objects of brutal persecution. The Company's property was left in charge of United States Consular Agent Canard. Dr. Howe said that the progress which the Company had made was sufficient to prove that the whole island would come to the United States. The Haytien, English and German Governments were inimical to the scheme because they saw in it the thwarting of their hopes. The fact that the United States Government leased an island in Saman Bay from the and spore of the success of the crusaders in Muncie.

The Committee on Order of Business reported the programme for the afternoon, after which the convention took a recess till 2½ o'clock.

An open air meeting was held in the afternoon, and an investment of the crusaders. lact that the United States Government leased an island in Samana Bay from the Company might yet be made a bone of contention between this Government and that of Santo Domingo; this dispossession would lead to the downfall of Gonzales. An open air meeting was held in the afternoon, and an immense crowd, the majority of which were ladies, gathered to listen to addresses by several distinguished ladies. Among the most eloquent speakers was Mrs. ex-Governor Wallace, oi-Indianapolis. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed, and when prayers were offered and hymns sung the vast throng joined in with earnest fervor, rendering the scene one of the most impressiva eyer.

cene one of the most impressive ever witnessed in this city.

The convention adjourned sine die.

For the South Atlantic States and cool rains, northeast to south winds and cool rains, northeast to south winds and lower temperature. In the South Atlantic visiting liquor houses on Liberty street, were ordered by the police to disperse. States and eastern portion of the Eastern Gulf States and Missouri, decided change in barometer.

For file Upper Lake region and for the Northwest, increasing cloudiness, east to south winds, stationary or rising temperature, falling barometer and locol rains in Upper Mississippi to the Missouri Valley.

South winds, stationary or rising temperature, falling barometer and locol rains in Upper Mississippi to the Missouri Valley. while they obeyed the law. The merchants while they obeyed the law. The merchants on Liberty street have been annoyed in their business in violation of the law, and must be protected. He said he would dismiss the ease this time, but if brought before him again, they would be punished to the full extent of the law. The ladies seemed satisfied with the result, and after singing the long metad developer denoted. partly cloudy weather, variable winds, rising temperature followed by a falling baromeier and light rain in the western portion of these Districts. singing the long metre doxology departed

> Meeting of Democratic Executive Committee.

NASHVILLE, May 21.—The Democratic Executive Committee of Tennessee met Burch, Chairman, with closed doors. Th exact date of the Convention is not yet fixed, but it will be on the 12th or 19th men, and instead of yielding to their sor- of August. One of the Committee states rows, put forth praiseworthy efforts to that the great object will be to harmonize day morning fitten hundred men came party. They adjourned to meet to morfrom different places to work in the Val. Low and in Clearing away the debring ween.

Penlientiary Work Shops Burned. Penitentiary Work Shops Burned.
COLUMBUS, May 21.—The cooper shop of Huft & Manypenny and the chair factory of Bailey & Marple, located inside of the walls of the Penitentiary, were destroyed by fire this morning. The total loss will be about \$20,000, on which there is an insurance of about \$9,000. The State loses about \$2,000 in property, and about \$1,000 will be lost in the time of the convicts who must remain idle until sgainst conviction. the convicts, who mus The friends of Prof. Swing are jubilant. the shops are rebul t. the convicts, who must remain idle until

The Wintermute Trial.

YANKTON, May 21 .- In the Winter-YANKTON, May 21.—In the Winter-mute case to-day, after hearing the tea-timony of Mrs. McCook and her mother, the prosecution rested their case. The opening statement for the defense was then made by Mr. Swett in a speech of four hour's length, closing, at 3 o'clock this atternoon. The Court then adjourned till to-morrow morning, when the testi-mony for the defense will begin.

### DIED.

FISCHER.—Thursday evening, May 21, 1874, at 11 o'clock, Absurr Rischen, in the 52d year of his age.

of his age.

Funeral Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock from
the corner of Jacob and 44th streets, 8th Ward.

Friends of the family invited to attend. select men of Northampton for the sufferers by the floods.